Subject Terms used for Architecture/Topography

**Agricultural Building:** Buildings used for cultivating the soil, harvesting crops, or raising livestock, not used for human habitation, employment, or processing, and not used for public. Barn, Dairy, Grain Elevator, Granary, Greenhouse, Nursery, Icehouse, Woolshed.

**Animal Housing:** Agricultural structures that provide shelter for animals. Aviary, Apiary, Aquarium, Coop, Hutch, Stable.

**Arch:** Monumental structures containing at least one arched passageway erected to honor an important person or to commemorate a significant event, particularly a victory in war. Triumphal arches, Memorial arches.

**Architectural Design:** Conceptual designs and graphics that are not site-specific.

**Bath:** Public Bath, Apodyteria, Caldaria, Natationes, Sudatoria, Tepidaria.

**Book:** Printed and published documentation and illustrations of architectural theory and design.

**Bridge:** Structures spanning and providing passage over waterways, topographic depressions, transportation routes, or similar circulation barriers. Viaduct, Suspension, Covered Bridge.

**Cave:** Use for Prehistoric period. Dwelling.

**Church:** Church, Cathedral, or Abbey, if not part of a complex.

**Civic Space:** Agora, Forum, Park, Path, Piazza, Plaza, Square, or Walkway.

**Civic Building:** Arcade, Assembly Hall, Meeting House, Stoa.

**Commercial Building:** Malls, complex of stores.

**Communication Building:** Radio Station, Television Station.

**Documentary:** Construction and excavation views.

**Exhibition:** Exhibition Building, Exposition, Worlds Fair building and exhibits.

**Factory:** A building or group of buildings with the function of housing the action or process of making goods or producing anything, whether before or after the Industrial Revolution of the mid-19th century. Factory or Industry buildings, Foundry, Forge, Mine.

**Farm:** Complexes where plants or animals are raised for livelihood or commerce. Farm, fish hatchery, horse farms, orchards, plantation, ranch, tree farm, vineyard.

**Fence:** Chain link fences, electric fences, hoardings, picket fences, rail fences, snow fences.

**Folly:** Structures characterized by a certain excess in terms of eccentricity, cost, or conspicuous inutility; often found in gardens or parks. Architectural Ruin, Sham.

**Fountain:** Structures with apertures designed to allow water to spout or flow periodically or continuously, as for amenity or public access.
**Fort:** Fortifications which includes permanent fortifications for troops, often surrounded by such elements as ditches, parapets, and ramparts and often used as advance posts in or near hostile territory. Castle, Citadel, Fortification, Qasar.

**Funerary:** Buildings associated with pre-burial ceremonies or buildings for the dead erected at burial sites. Funerary complex, Mortuary complex, Necropolis, Cemetery, Single Pyramid, Mortuary Temple, Pyramid Complex.

**Garden:** Arbor, Peristyle, Yar, Garden Pavilion, Grotto, Terrace, Gazebo, Labyrinth.

**Gate:** Gate structure. Entrance, Port, Propylaea, Pylon, Tetrapsylon.

**Government Building:** Buildings or groups of buildings owned and operated by a governing body and often occupied by a governmental agency. Basilica (before Early Christian), Bouleuterion, Capitol, Citadel, Court House, Custom House, Fire Service, Kremlin, Parliament, Police Station, Post Office, Safety, Treasury.

**House:** Individual dwelling designed to be occupied by a single tenant or family.

**Housing:** Apartment, Condominium, Dormitory, Insulae.

**Industry:** Office Headquartier (mostly 20th Century), white collar, non-utility, non-factory buildings.

**Jail:** A place of confinement for persons held in lawful custody. Cell, Correctional Facility, Prison, Dungeon, Keep, Penitentiary.

**Library:** Archive, Scriptoria, Tabularia.

**Maritime:** Structures built in relation to water. Dock, Port, Lighthouse, Shipyard, Marina, Wharf.

**Medical:** Clinic, Hospital, Health Facility, Infirmary, Nursing Home, Hospice.

**Merchant Food:** Restaurant, Café, Canteen, Saloon, Pub, Bar, Tea Room.

**Merchant Money:** Financial institution, Bank, and Exchange.

**Merchant Service:** Public accommodation, Brothel, Hotel, Hostel, Laundromat.

**Merchant Trade:** Business and Mercantile building, Market, Kiosk, Shop, Store.

**Military:** Arsenal, Camp, Drill Hall, Recruiting Station, Armory.

**Monument:** Altar (not part of a Church, Temple, or Shrine), megalithic monument (Cromlech, Dolmen), Arch (triumphal), Obelisk, Stele, Column (specific one), memorial, sepulchral monument.

**Mosque:** A building used for public worship by Muslims. Jamid-Masjid, Masjid, Minaret with a Mosque.

**Museum:** Building devoted to the procurement, care, study, & display of objects of lasting interest or value.

**Office Building:** Skyscraper, generic 20th century urban building.

**Privy:** Detached structures in domestic contexts containing one or more seats and a pit serving as toilets. Outhouse, necessary.

**Project:** Designs for unbuilt structures or competition entries.
Recreation Building: Buildings with devices or equipment for amusement or diversion and not active sports. Casino, Club, Discotheque, Entertainment Facility, Playhouse (not a theater), Resort building.

Recreation Space: Amusement Park, Pool, outdoor Resort area.

Research: Laboratory, Observatory.

Religious Building: Basilica (Early Christian and later), Baptistery Sanctuary, Cloister, Kiva, Mission, Monastery, Religious Community, Tabernacle, Stupa.

School: Academy, College, High School, Madrasah, Polytechnic, University, Vocational Institute.

Site Plan: Plans of areas and places. City Plan.

Site View: View of a general area. Vistas, City and Town Views.

Sports: Buildings providing facilities for athletic events or training and, usually, support facilities for participants and spectators. Arena, Athletic Court, Circus, Coliseum, Gymnasium, Fitness Center, Hippodrome, Palaestra, Swimming Pool, Rink, Stadium.

Storage: Buildings or other structures designed or utilized primarily for storage. Cache, Magazine, Repository, Garage, Shed, Vault, Warehouse.

Street: Alley, Avenue, Boardwalk, Crescent, Stadium, Road, Way, Via.

Synagogue: The house of worship and communal center of a Jewish congregation

Temple: A place devoted to the worship of a deity or deities. Pagoda, Temple, Ziggurat.

Theater: Buildings having a stage or projection screen for the presentation of dramatic performances and providing seating areas for spectators. Amphitheater, Concert Hall, Odeon, Opera House.

Tomb: Elaborations constructed over or around burial sites. Catacomb, Mound, Hypogea, Mastaba, Grave, Mausoleum, Pyramid, Tumulos.

Tower: Detached or isolated buildings or other structures high in proportion to their lateral dimensions. Campanile, Minaret, Cap House, Clock Tower.

Transportation: Airport, Bus Station, Gas Station, Parking Garage, Parking Lot, Railroad, Service Station, Toll Collection Station.

Tunnel: A covered passageway.

Urbanism: The development and planning of cities and towns.


Unknown Building: A built structure of unknown purpose or use.

Wall: Vertical architectural members used to define and divide spaces. City Wall.

Waterworks: System of buildings, hydraulic structures, machinery, and other equipment by which a water supply is obtained, conveyed, and distributed to consumers in cities, towns, or neighborhoods. Aqueduct, Cistern, Canal, Dam, Pond, Reservoir, Sewer, Tank, Waterway.

Zoo: Children’s zoo, Menageries, Open-air zoos.